

# Appendix II: Types of Federal Assistance Available to All Domestic Communities, Including DOD-Affected Growth Communities, as Identified by 8 of the 22 EAC-Member Agencies

Federal agency	Program
Defense	<p><b>DOD Supplemental Impact Aid</b> provides financial assistance to Local Educational Agencies (LEAs) that are heavily impacted by the presence of military or DOD civilian dependent students. Eligible LEAs must have at least 20 percent military or civilian dependent students in average daily attendance in their schools, as counted on their Federal Impact Aid application for the preceding year.</p> <p><b>Impact Aid for Children with Severe Disabilities</b> is available to any LEA that has at least two military dependent children with severe disabilities that meet certain special education cost criteria. DOD works with LEAs and the Department of Education to clarify or resolve any funding or disbursement eligibility issues.</p>
Education	<p><b>Impact Aid Program</b> provides technical assistance and disburses payments to local educational agencies that are financially burdened by federal activities based on a statutory formula for students reported annually in section 8003 applications to the Department.</p>
Commerce	<p><b>Economic Adjustment Assistance Program</b> is the primary vehicle for BRAC-related assistance to communities. The program provides technical, planning, and infrastructure assistance.</p> <p><b>Public Works and Economic Development Program</b> is available to communities impacted by “sudden and severe” changes in economic conditions. This program provides for construction or rehabilitation of essential public infrastructure facilities.</p>
Housing and Urban Development	<p><b>Community Development Block Grant Program</b> provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled communities to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed towards neighborhood revitalization, economic development, and improved community facilities and services.</p> <p><b>The HOME Program</b> provides grants to states and local governments to implement local housing strategies designed to increase home ownership and affordable housing for low- and very low-income Americans.</p>
Labor	<p><b>National Emergency Grant Program</b> grants are discretionary awards that temporarily expand service capacity at the state and local levels through time-limited funding assistance in response to significant dislocation events.</p> <p><b>High Growth Job Training</b> identifies industries in need of talent development, connects businesses to the workforce system, and creates programs designed to meet their specific workforce needs.</p> <p><b>Community-Based Job Training Grants</b> address the need for a partnership between the workforce system and the vocational education system and increase the capacity of community colleges to meet employer demands by providing grants to colleges.</p> <p><b>Workforce Innovation in Regional Economic Development (WIRED) Initiative</b> stresses the critical role talent development plays in creating effective regional economic development strategies. The initiative goes beyond traditional strategies for worker preparation by bringing together state, local, and federal entities; academic institutions (including K-12, community colleges, and universities); investment groups; foundations; and business and industry to address the challenges associated with building a globally competitive and prepared workforce.</p>

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Small Business Administration	<p><b>Patriot Express Program</b> provides lending partners with a government-guaranteed loan program tailored to active duty and reserve personnel and their immediate family members.</p> <p><b>Business Development Program</b>, section 8 (a), is a program designed by Congress to provide socially and economically disadvantaged businesses with the requisite management and technical assistance to enhance their ability to compete in the American marketplace. The program utilizes set-aside and limited competition federal contracts, assistance through SBA's Mentor-Protégé Program, and management and technical assistance through 7(j) designated funds to provide business development assistance to 8(a) firms.</p> <p><b>Management and Technical Assistance Program</b>, section 7(j), is one of the forms of business development assistance provided to more than 8,800 firms that participate in the 8(a) Business Development Program, as well as other 7(j) eligible concerns. SBA has been able to leverage the assistance provided through the 7(j) program with other forms of management and technical assistance. Additional agency-sponsored workshops, seminars, and conferences have augmented the 7(j) assistance. The training is conducted nationwide and focuses on marketing strategies, doing business with the federal government, how to write winning proposals, crafting an effective cost proposal, maximizing cash flow management, and cost and pricing training.</p>
Transportation	<p><b>Highway Trust Fund</b>, Title 23, U.S.C., authorizes funding of broad categories of transportation programs from the Highway Trust Fund, which is the main source of federal transportation funding to the states. Priorities are set at the state/local level.</p>
Agriculture	<p><b>Business &amp; Industry Guaranteed Loan Program</b> provides financial backing for rural businesses. Commercial loan guarantees are available up to 80 percent of the loan amount.</p> <p><b>Cooperative Extension</b> through Land Grant Universities that provide resource descriptions to communities and annually seeks input on needed services.</p> <p><b>Community Facilities Direct Loans and Grants Program</b> provides guaranteed loans to develop essential community facilities in rural areas and towns of up to 20,000 in population.</p> <p><b>Single-Family Housing Program</b> guarantees housing loans to help low and moderate-income individuals or households purchase homes in rural areas.</p> <p><b>Multi-Family Housing Program</b> provides loans to develop and/or rehabilitate rural rental housing under two direct loan programs, one for farm labor tenancy and one loan-guaranteed program.</p> <p><b>Rural Rental Assistance Program</b> provides support for very-low and low-income households to assist in paying rent in Rural Development-financed properties.</p> <p><b>Rural Development Electric Program</b> provides direct loans and loan guarantees to help finance the construction of electric distribution, transmission, and generation facilities.</p> <p><b>Rural Development Telecommunications Loan Program</b> offers loans for infrastructure improvement and expansion.</p> <p><b>Rural Business Enterprise Grant Program</b> provides grants for rural projects that finance and facilitate development of small and emerging rural business, help distance learning networks, and help fund employment-related adult education programs.</p> <p><b>Rural Business Opportunity Grant Program</b> promotes sustainable economic development in rural communities with exceptional needs.</p> <p><b>Intermediary Relending Program</b> is to help alleviate poverty and increase economic activity and employment in rural communities.</p> <p><b>Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant Program</b> provides funding to rural projects through local utility organizations.</p> <p><b>Section 9006 Guaranteed Loan Program</b> encourages commercial financing of renewable energy and energy efficiency projects.</p> <p><b>Section 9006 Grant Program</b> provides grants for agricultural producers and rural small businesses to purchase renewable energy systems.</p> <p><b>Rural Development Water and Wastewater Program</b> provides direct loans, grants, and loan guarantees to help finance the construction of drinking water, sanitary sewer, solid waste, and storm drainage facilities in rural areas and cities and towns of 10,000 or less.</p>

Source: DOD and the Departments of Education, Commerce, Labor, Transportation, Agriculture, Housing and Urban Development, and the Small Business Administration.